
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): June 1, 2021

INHIBIKASE THERAPEUTICS, INC.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction
of Incorporation)

001-39676
(Commission
File Number)

26-3407249
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

3350 Riverwood Parkway SE, Suite 1900
Atlanta, Georgia
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

30339
(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (678) 392-3419

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (*see* General Instruction A.2. below):

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	IKT	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter). Emerging growth company ☒

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On June 1, 2021, Inhibikase Therapeutics, Inc. (the “Company”), made available on the Company’s website at www.inhibikase.com a corporate presentation which may be used in presentations to investors and analysts from time to time in the future. A copy of the Company’s corporate presentation is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information contained in this Current Report on Form 8-K speaks only as of the date hereof. While the Company may elect to update the information in this Current Report on Form 8-K in the future, the Company disclaims any obligation to do so except to the extent required by applicable law.

The information furnished in this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K and Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto shall not be deemed “filed” for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. The information in this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K is not incorporated by reference into any filings of the Company made under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date of this Current Report on Form 8-K, regardless of any general incorporation language in the filing unless specifically stated so therein.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

<u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
99.1	<u>Corporate Presentation of Inhibikase Therapeutics, Inc.</u>

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: June 1, 2021

INHIBIKASE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

By: /S/ MILTON H. WERNER

Milton H. Werner, Ph.D.

President and Chief Executive Officer



**Inhibikase
Therapeutics**

Nasdaq | **IKT**

Clinical Development of Therapies Intended to Reverse the Functional Loss in Parkinson's and Related Disorders

2Q 2021 BUSINESS PRESENTATION



Disclaimer

This presentation shall not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities, nor shall there be any sale of such securities in any state or jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation, or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state or jurisdiction.

This presentation contains information that may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Inhibikase Therapeutics, Inc. (the "Company" or "we") intends for the forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements in those sections. Generally, we have identified such forward-looking statements by using the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "project," "target," "forecast," "aim," "should," "will," "may", "continue" and similar expressions. Such statements are subject to a number of assumptions, risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements. You should read statements that contain these words carefully because they discuss future expectations and plans which contain projections of future clinical studies, regulatory approvals, product candidate development, results of operations or financial condition or state other forward-looking information. However, the absence of these words or similar expressions does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. Forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but instead represent only the Company's beliefs regarding future events, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and outside of the Company's control. It is possible that the Company's actual results and financial condition may differ, possibly materially, from the anticipated results and financial condition indicated in these forward-looking statements. Management believes that these forward-looking statements are reasonable as of the time made. However, caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements because such statements speak only as of the date when made. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. In addition, forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the Company's historical experience and our present expectations or projections. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements are set forth in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including its registration statement on Form S-1, as amended (File No. 333-240036), including under the caption "Risk Factors."

We do not intend our use or display of other entities' names, trade names, trademarks or service marks to imply a relationship with, or endorsement or sponsorship of us by, any other entity.



Inhibikase
Therapeutics

Nasdaq | IKT

Company Overview

















COMPANY HIGHLIGHTS

Driving Functional Reversal of Parkinson's Disease

- Multi-therapeutic pipeline with emphasis on neurodegeneration inside and out side of the brain
- Our lead inhibitor of the Abelson Tyrosine Kinase (c-Abl), IkT-148009, halts and reverses functional loss in animal models that recreate progressive human disease
- Five clinical programs in neurodegeneration and one clinical program in oncology by close of 2021
- Ongoing Phase 1 trial with IkT-148009 reaches therapeutic drug exposures seen in animal models at just 25 mg oral dose 1x/day in humans
- Multiple patent families for lead compound with expiration of 2036 and beyond
- \$20.4 million in grants and contracts from NIH, DoD, the Michael J. Fox Foundation and the Georgia Research Alliance, all peer-reviewed
- \$19 million in investor capital since 2018
- Highly experienced and respected management team, consultants, Board of Directors and nearly all KOLs in the field on Scientific Advisory Board



Multi-Indication Pipeline in Neurodegeneration, Oncology and Infectious Disease

				CLINICAL DEVELOPMENT ¹				BIOMARKER ³		
Drug Target	Drug candidate	Modality	Disease indication	PRECLINICAL DEVELOPMENT	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	Predclinical target engagement	Clinical target engagement	Can be used for patient selection
Neurodegeneration										
c-Abl	IKT-148009	Small molecule	Parkinson's Disease: Treatment Naive					Validated	Validating	Yes
c-Abl	IKT-148009	Small molecule	Parkinson's Disease: Early Stage					Validated	Validating	Yes
c-Abl	IKT-148009	Small molecule	Neurogenic Constipation					Validated	Validating	Yes
c-Abl	IKT-148009	Small molecule	Dysphagia					Validated	Validating	Yes
c-Abl	IKT-148009	Small molecule	Multiple System Atrophy					Validated	Validating	Yes
Oncology										
BCR-Abl	IKT-001Pro	Small molecule	Stable-phase CML (orphan indication)					Validated	Validated	Yes
Research Phase										
c-Abl	IKT-148x	Small molecule	Dementia with Lewy Body					Validated	Validating	Unknown
c-Abl	IKT-148x	Small molecule	Multiple System Atrophy					Validated	Validating	Unknown
c-Abl	IKT-1427	Small molecule	Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy					Validated	Validating	Yes

(1) 'Clinical Development' progress bars represent the current state of the indicated programs. Blue arrows represent completed or in progress studies; white arrows represent planned approaches for future clinical studies.

(2) Four indications will be pursued for IKT-148009 in PD, which will be pursued through two INDs, one focused on treatment in the brain in treatment-naïve or early-stage patients and the second focused on GI complications.

(3) For biomarker status, 'Validated' refers to proof of target engagement in the target tissue which has been performed using rodent tissues and fluids. We are currently developing methods for using clinical samples for validating our ability to confirm target engagement in patients. 'Validating' in this context indicates ongoing efforts to prove target engagement using proprietary sources and methods under development from human tissues and fluids. Target engagement measures if and to what extent a compound occupies its target. 'Can be used for patient selection' refers to our ability to use one or more markers we are currently 'Validating' to screen patients for the presence of that marker as a means of defining the patients most likely to benefit from the proposed treatment.

Selected Financial and Stock Data

- \$20.4M non-dilutive grant revenue pre-IPO (NIH, DoD, States)
- \$19M equity sales since 2018, \$18M from Initial Public Offering with ThinkEquity
- 10,133,345 issued and outstanding common shares as of 5/14/2021
- 3,574,658 Options (WAEP \$2.43)
- 721,913 Warrants (WAEP \$5.83)
- 53% held by insiders, 16.5% held by institutions

Balance Sheet		March 31, 2021
Current assets:		
Cash	\$	9,609,631
Grants Receivable		332,674
Prepaid research and development		712,674
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,218,956
Total Current Assets	\$	11,874,035
Total Current Liabilities		3,837,464
Working Capital		8,036,571
Active grant funding available in accounts held by U.S. Treasury		772,420
Total Working Capital	\$	8,808,991

Accelerated Clinical Development Timeline

Pre-IPO plan, Dec. 2020

Sequential Single Ascending Dose (SAD) in 8 cohorts, followed by Multiple Ascending Dose (MAD) in 4 cohorts
PD patients in late 4Q21 or 1Q22



Accelerated plan, Mar. 2021

Interleaving SAD and MAD cohorts, reducing Phase 1 duration by 6+ months
MAD cohorts of PD patients added to protocol and under FDA regulatory review. Anticipated enrollments in early 3Q21



**Inhibikase
Therapeutics**

Nasdaq | **IKT**

Parkinson's Disease Market & Strategy

Parkinson's Disease in the U.S.¹

Large Market, Opportunity For Disease Modification

Chronic Disease for a Long Time
1/3 of a Patient's Lifespan = 25 years

60,000
NEW CASES / YR

38,000
DEATHS / YEAR



Men twice as
likely as women
to contract
disease

700,000 – 1,000,000
U.S. Patients

60
AVERAGE AGE
OF ONSET

Other illnesses complicate development



47%
ARTHRITIS



36%
HEART / CIRCULATORY



35%
PSYCHOSIS



30%
DEMENTIA

Parkinson's Disease Foundation Decisions Resources 2016, ParkinsonismRelatDisord. 2012;18:1073-1078, .
Neuroepidemiology 2010;34:143-151, J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry. 1997 Jan;62(1):10-5.

Model studies suggest the gut could be where Parkinson's disease originates in the body and is a critical organ for analysis

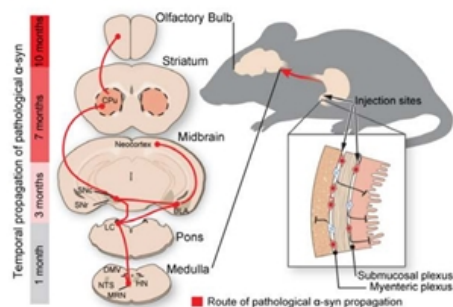
Parkinson's May Begin in the Gut

Easy access
Can demonstrate disease benefit with quantitative endpoints
Biopsy and Biomarkers
Large effect size

GI disorders resulting from kinase modification of α -synuclein:

Dysphagia
Unresolvable constipation
Gastroesophageal reflux
Gastroparesis

The Gut-Brain Connection Enables Innovation in Trial Design



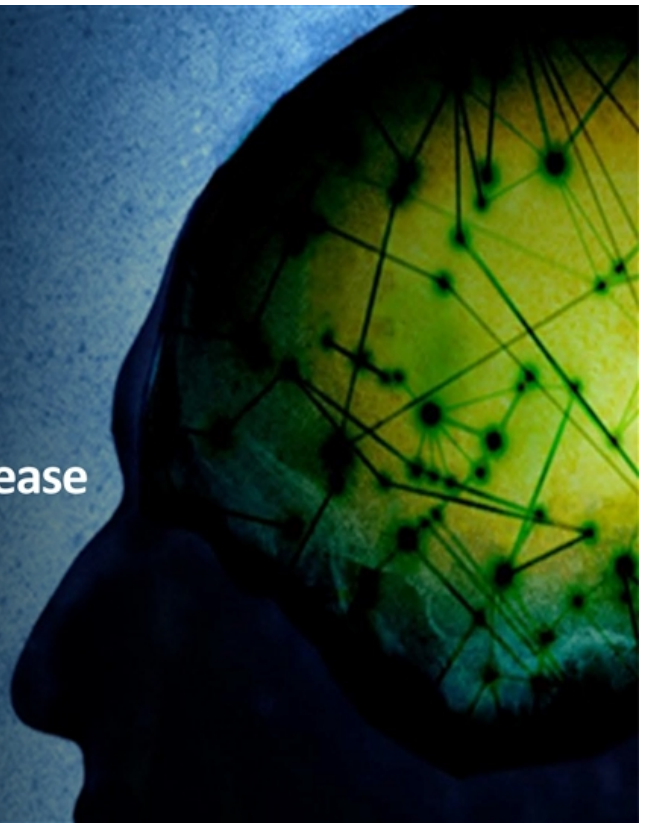
Introduction of dysfunctional synuclein in the gut leads to progressive disease that mirrors the human disease course in the brain



**Inhibikase
Therapeutics**

Nasdaq | **IKT**

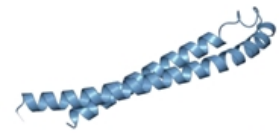
Causation of Parkinson's and How Inhibikase Proposes to Modify Disease



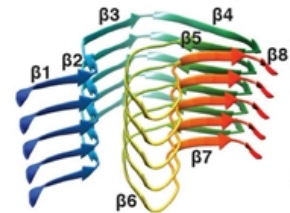
Investigating Causation in Parkinson's Reveals c-Abl as a Primary Culprit

- Parkinson's Disease (PD) is a neurodegenerative disease which limits function of nerve cells throughout the brain and gut.
- PD conditions include:

Tremors	Slowed Movement	Impaired Balance	Permanent Constipation
Speech Loss	Cognitive Decline	Memory Loss	and Reflux Disease
- α -Synuclein, an abundant and non-essential protein, has long been thought to be linked to the cause of Parkinson's Disease
 - Normally, α -Synuclein plays a role in neurotransmission by dopamine.
 - In the disease state, α -Synuclein is remodeled into protein aggregates we call plaques, which have been thought to be the cause of disease.
- The Company and it's collaborators have demonstrated that plaques of α -synuclein cannot cause disease on their own.
 - Plaques are internalized and activate c-Abl.
 - c-Abl is actually driving the disease.



α -Synuclein is normally in a helix-turn-helix configuration¹

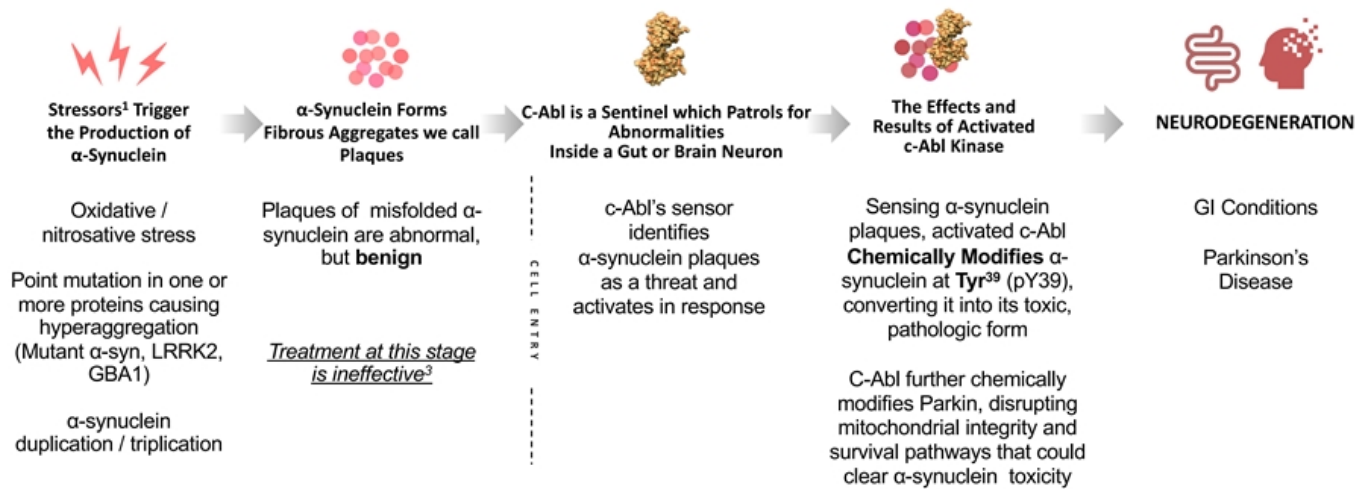


In the disease state, α -Synuclein reorganizes to form fibrous aggregates ("Plaques")²

¹Biochim Biophys Acta. 1818:1013-8 (2012)

²Pathogens 7:50 (2018)

Stressors Trigger the Production of α -Synuclein Plaques Which Activates c-Abl to Drive Neurodegeneration



¹Not Rev Neurosci. 2, 492-501 (2001)

²Werner and Olanow (2021), under review

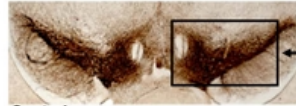
³<https://ir.prothena.com/news-releases/news-release-details/update-phase-2-pasadena-study-prasinezumab-prx002rg7935>
<http://media.biogen.com/node/22876/html>

α -Synuclein Plaques Do Not Cause Disease Without c-Abl Modification in Humanized Preclinical Models¹

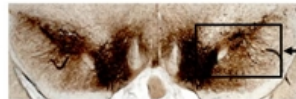
α -Synuclein plaque in the ABSENCE OF c-Abl CAUSES NO NEURODEGENERATION AFTER 6 MONTHS

AAV-tTA (6 month post inj)

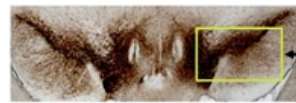
Non Inj Inj



Control



TetP-A53T α -syn

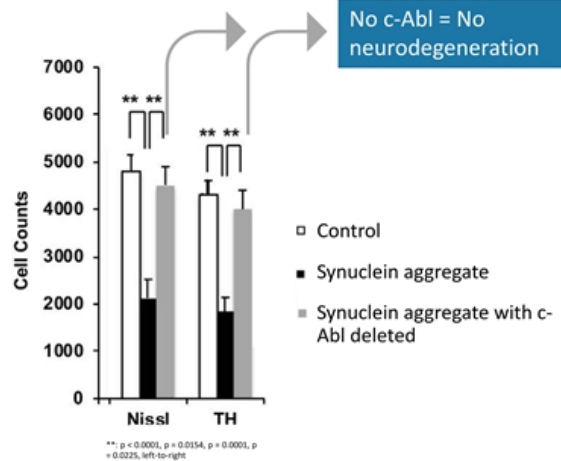


c-Abl-KO/TetP-A53T α -syn

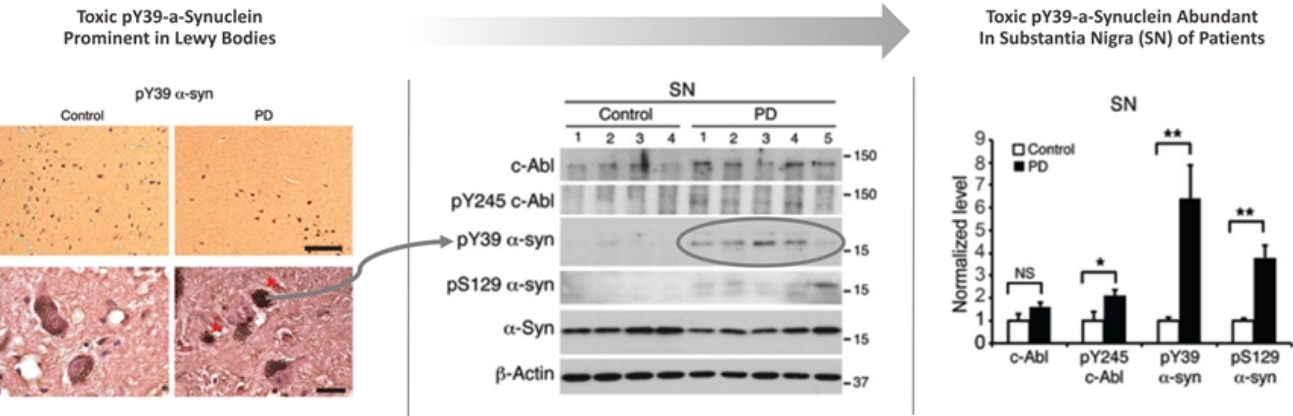
Injection (Inj) of an expression vector for the A53T form of synuclein doesn't degrade neurons until the expression of A53T is turned on

Once turned on, A53T induces 50% neurodegeneration in 6 months. NOTE loss is visible in the dark patches of stained neurons on the right half. The left half was an internal control and is unaffected.

When the expression of A53T is turned on, but c-Abl is genetically deleted from the mouse brain, you don't get any neurodegeneration. Thus, even though the clumps of α -syn are present in the right region of the brain, they don't cause disease until c-Abl acts on them



Pathologic, c-Abl-Modified α -Synuclein (pY39) is Present in Parkinson's Patient Brain¹



¹J Clin Invest. 126, 2970-88 (2016)

Low Toxicity, Brain Penetrant c-Abl Inhibitor in Clinical Development

NOVEL ABL KINASE INHIBITOR	RELATIVE POTENCY
148019	8
148003	12
148027	17
148032	23
148009	18*
01427	36
Imatinib	1

Imatinib is a template for design

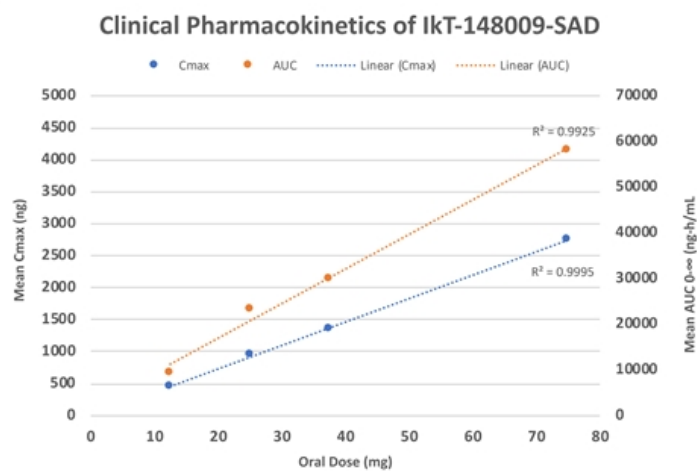
14-Day Toxicology in Rat/Monkey ¹	
Human equivalent dose of 600 mg	
Cardiovascular	None
Renal	None
Liver	None
Bone marrow	None
Sternum	None
Blood	None
PBMCs	Slight increase in neutrophils within normal limits
Cytotoxicity	None in primary or mature cells
Sustainable brain concentration	> 1 micromolar
¹ Ongoing chronic toxicology studies in rat and monkey have completed 13 weeks	

IKT-148009

- No observed toxicity from off target kinase inhibition
- No CNS toxicity
- No toxicity observed even on 210+ day dosing in mice at >150 mg/kg/day
- Nearly complete neuroprotection in α -synuclein progressive disease models
- Multi-kilogram clinical batch production completed, 6 step synthesis

*Compositions of matter **patent protection through 2036**

Dose Proportional Clinical Pharmacokinetics and Favorable Adverse Event Profile



Human safety to date

- No clinically significant adverse events have been observed across 5 dosing cohorts

Significance of clinical pharmacokinetics

- High exposures at low oral dose, linearly dose proportional. Exposures at 75 mg IkT-148009 comparable to 500 mg imatinib¹

¹FDA summary data for approval 21-335

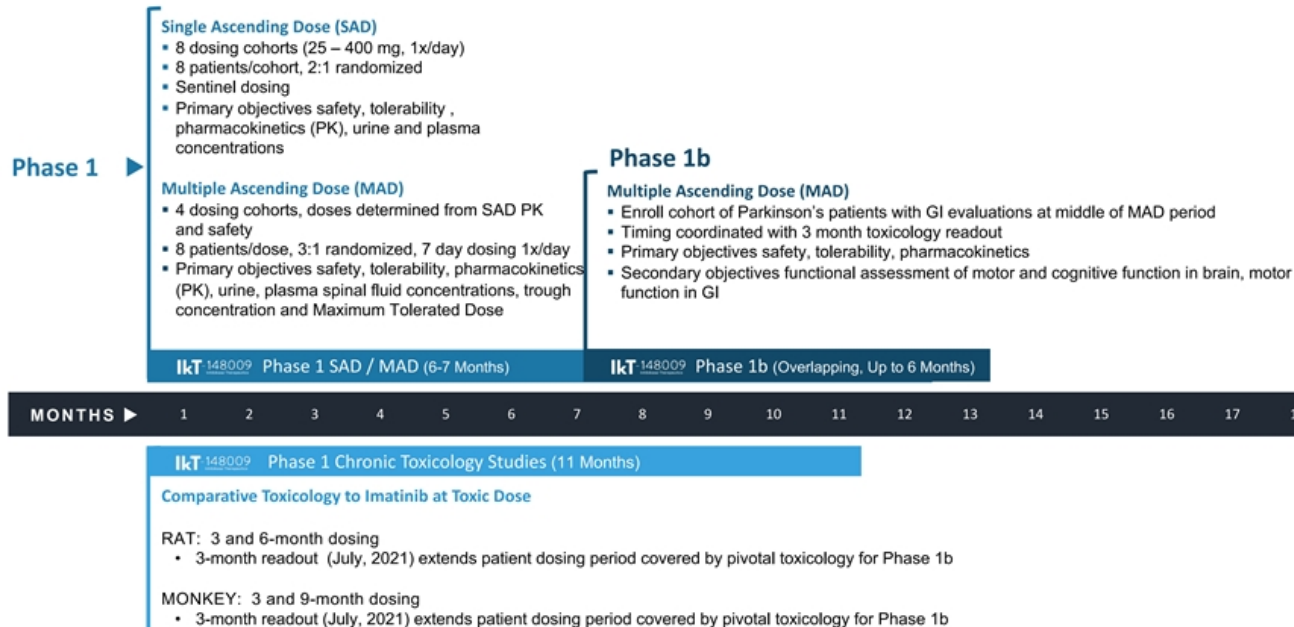
Low Oral Dose in Humans Reaches The Therapeutic Exposures of Animal Models

Clinical Pharmacokinetics IkT-148009 compared to therapeutic dose in animal models of progressive disease						
		mg/day	$t_{1/2}$ (h)	t_{max} (h)	C_{max} (ng/mL)	$AUC_{0-\infty}$ (h*ng/mL)
IkT-148009	Mean	25 ¹	25.2	6	945	23200
Clinical N=6						
IkT-148009	Mean	1.25 ¹	12.7	2.2	2562	19650
Efficacy, mouse model N=5						
¹ 25 mg/day in humans equivalent to 0.128 mg/day in mouse assuming a 25 g mouse Oral doses analyzed between 12.5 mg 1x/day to 75 mg 1x/day across 4 cohorts analyzed. 8 patients/cohort, 32 patients total 3:1 randomized against placebo.						

Therapeutic exposures defined

- Laboratory efficacy studies in mice have an AUC equivalent to clinical exposure at 25 mg/day oral dose.
- Long half-life at low oral dose suggests long-term exposure to drug on a daily basis

Updated Phases and Development Intervals for 2021





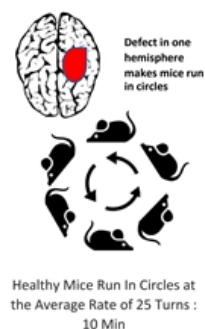
**Inhibikase
Therapeutics**

Nasdaq | **IKT**

**Proof of Functional Reversal in the Brain and
Gut in Animal Models of Disease**

Oral Ikt-148009 in Mice Humanized for Parkinson's Disease in Brain Reverses Functional Loss

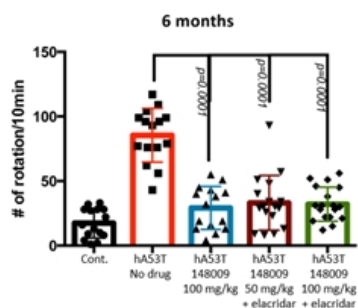
Baseline Neuromuscular Coordination Behavioral Marker



Toxic Levels of Synuclein Are Introduced Into One Side of the Mouse Brain



Treatment Started 6 Weeks After Onset of Conditions

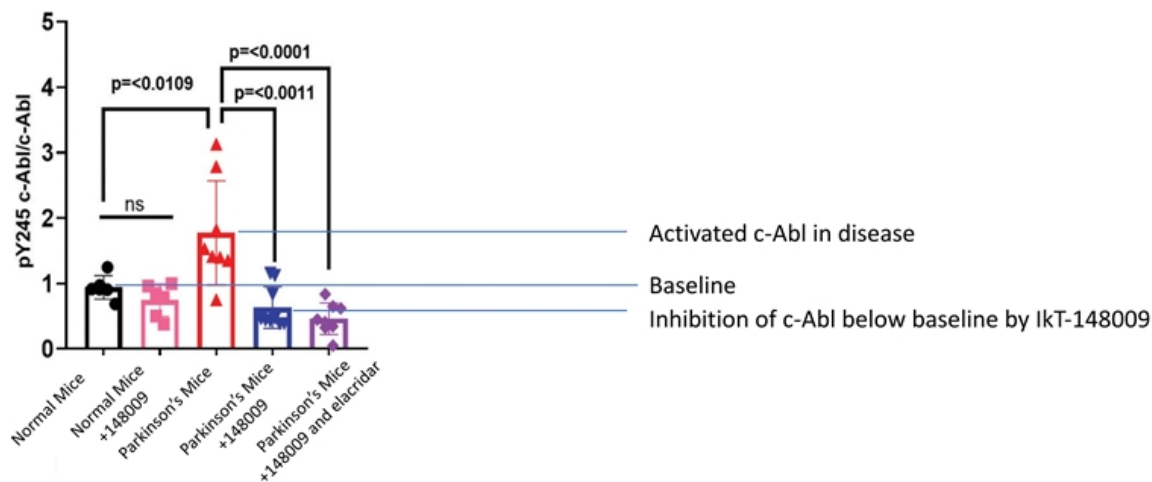


Near Normal Behavior Returned Following Treatment



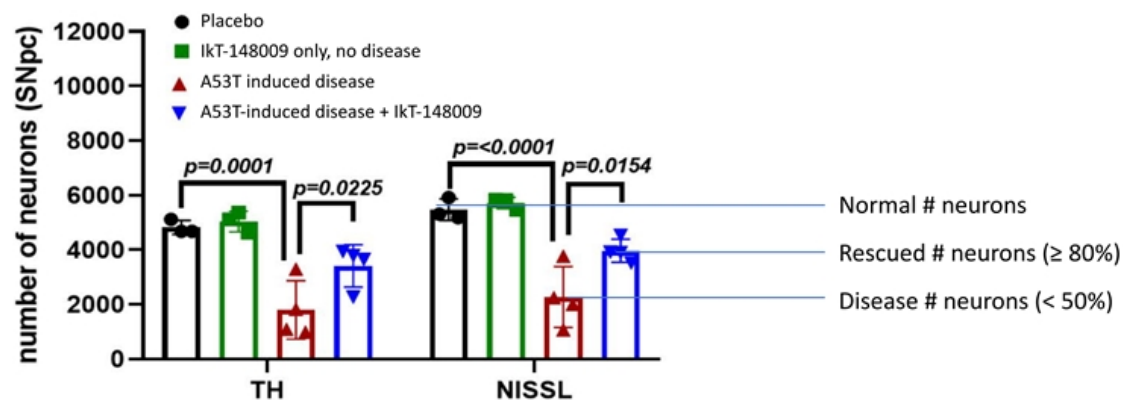
Oral IkT-148009 Suppresses c-Abl Activation in the Brain that Correlates with Functional Recovery

IkT-148009 engages the c-Abl target in the brain



Oral IkT-148009 Preserves Neural Anatomy in the Brain

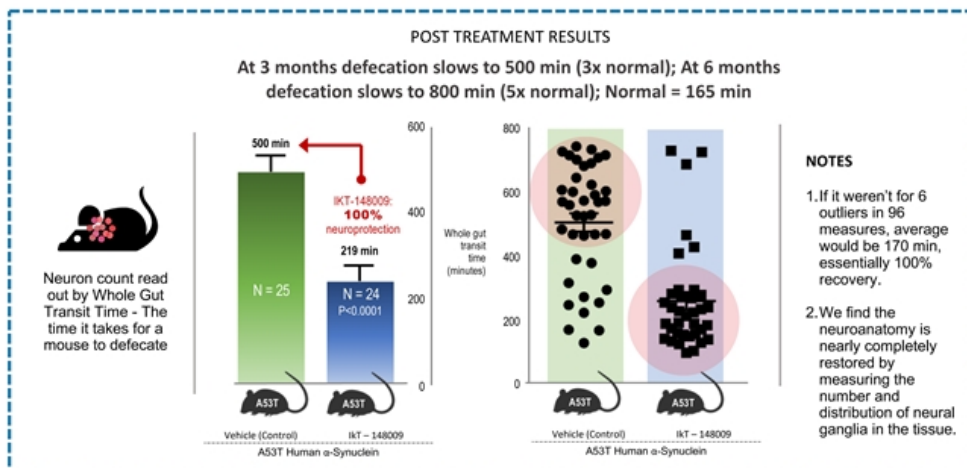
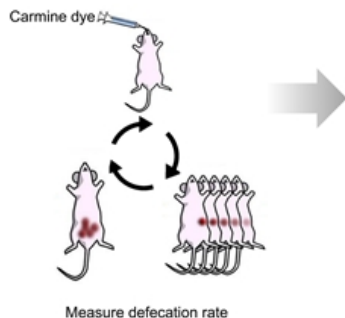
IkT-148009 stopped loss of neurons, accounting for functional recovery



Oral IkT-148009 in Mice Humanized for Parkinson's Disease in Gut Reverses Functional Loss

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

α -Synuclein Aggregates Introduced Into Gut Slows Gut Transit Time

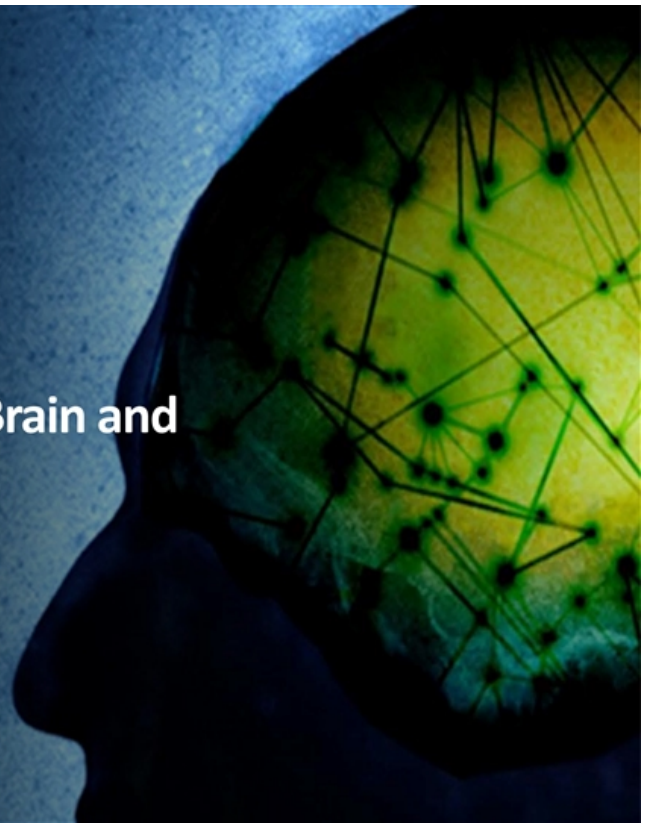




**Inhibikase
Therapeutics**

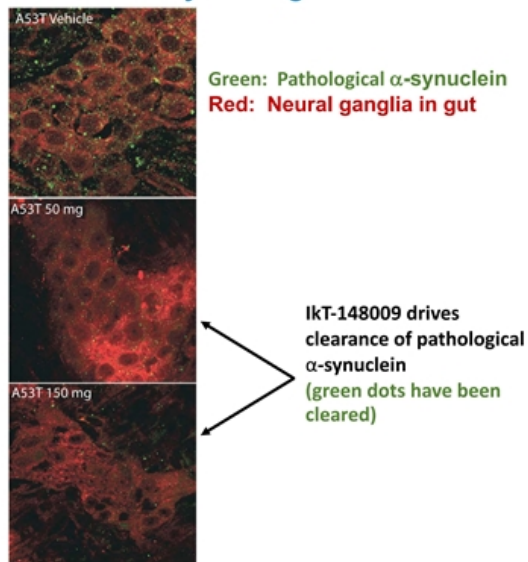
Nasdaq | **IKT**

**Proof of Toxicity Clearance in the Brain and
Gut in Animal Models of Disease**

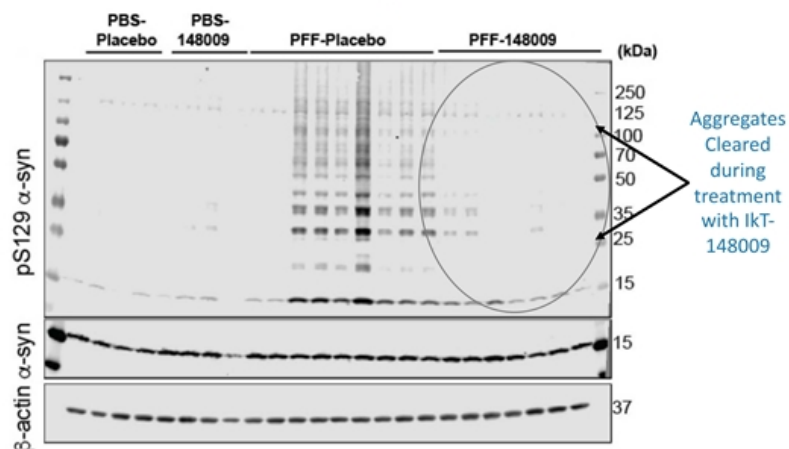


Oral IkT-148009 Treatment Clears Toxic α -Synuclein in the brain and gut

Clearance of toxicity in the gut



Clearance of toxicity in the brain



Advances in pre-clinical models and clinical dosing

- IKT-148009 drives functional recovery inside and outside of the brain
- IKT-148009 drives clearance of the toxic form of α -synuclein
- Low oral doses in humans achieve therapeutic exposure levels observed in animal efficacy studies
- Early clinical outcomes with Ikt-148009 have accelerated development and provide a path for early entry into Parkinson's patients

Targeting c-Abl we believe is transformational to treatment of neurodegeneration

Upcoming Milestones

IkT-148009

Five clinical programs by close of 2021

Completion of Phase 1 Healthy Volunteer Study SAD/MAD 3Q21

Anticipated dosing of Parkinson's patients by early 3Q21

Completion of chronic toxicology studies 4Q21

IkT-001Pro

IND filing 3Q221

Bioequivalence study 3Q21

Superiority evaluation relative to Standard-of-Care in CML patients anticipated to commence 1Q22

Team Build-out, Medicinal Chemistry, Pre-clinical Research, General and Administrative build out

Management Team with Deep Experience in Drug Development and Commercialization

Executive

Milton Werner, PhD President & CEO

Previously, Dr. Werner served as Director of Research at Caltaxsys. From September 1996 until June 2007, Dr. Werner was a Head of the Laboratory of Molecular Biophysics at The Rockefeller University in New York City. Throughout his scientific career, Dr. Werner has been an innovator integrating chemistry, physics, and biology into a comprehensive approach to solving problems in medicine. Dr. Werner is the author or co-author of more than 70 research articles, reviews, and book chapters and has given lectures on his research work throughout the world.

Joseph Frattaroli, CPA Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Frattaroli is a certified public accountant with more than 15 years of experience in public company filings and compliance for Nasdaq and OTC Markets companies. Previously, he provided chief financial officer and consulting services for several emerging biopharmaceutical and medical device companies, with responsibilities that included capital formation, deal structuring, and assisting private companies in their transition to becoming publicly traded SEC registrants.

C. Warren Olanow, MD, Interim Chief Medical Officer and Chief Executive Officer of CLINTREX.

Dr. Olanow is the former Henry P. and Georgette Goldschmidt Professor and Chairman of the Department of Neurology at the Mount Sinai School of Medicine. Prior to joining Mount Sinai, he served on the faculties of McGill University, Duke University, and the University of South Florida. He is the former President of the Movement Disorder Society, past President of the International Society of Motor Disturbances, and former Treasurer of the American Neurological Association. He has served on the executive committee of the Michael J. Fox Foundation Scientific Advisory Board, and he is the former Chairman of the Scientific Advisory Board of the Bachmann-Strauss Parkinson Foundation and of the Dystonia Foundation. Dr. Olanow is the former Co-Editor-in-Chief of the journal Movement Disorders. Dr. Olanow received his medical degree from the University of Toronto, performed his neurology training at the New York Neurological Institute at Columbia Presbyterian Medical Center at Columbia University, and undertook postgraduate studies in neuroanatomy at Columbia University and authored more than 600 articles in the field of neurodegeneration.



Board of Directors

Mr. Dennis Berman has been a co-founder, board member, and/or seed investor in many private biotechnology and technology companies, five of which have gone public. He currently serves as the President of Molino Ventures, LLC a board advisory and venture capital firm and was co-founder and Executive Vice President of Corporate Development of Tocagen. Other public companies for which Mr. Berman has served as a seed investor, co-founder, and/or board member include Intervu (one of the first software-as-a-service companies), which was acquired by Akamai; Kintera, Inc. (an online fundraising pioneer), which was acquired by Blackbaud; Gensia (focused on purine/pyrimidine metabolism compounds), which was acquired by Teva; and Viagene (the first U.S. gene therapy company that utilized a non-replicating retrovirus), which was acquired by Chiron/Novartis. Mr. Berman also was a seed investor in Calabrian (a water treatment company), which was acquired by SK Capital.

Dr. Paul Grint, MD has more than two decades of experience in biologics and small-molecule research and development, including the successful approval and commercialization of products in the infectious diseases, immunology, and oncology therapeutic areas. He has served on the Board of Amplex Pharmaceuticals and Synedgen. He has served on the Board of Cardea Bio, on the Board of Amplex Pharmaceuticals, on the Board of Synedgen and was CEO and member of the Board of Directors of AmpliPhi Biosciences. Dr. Grint has also served in senior management roles at Cerebra, Forest Laboratories, Kalypsys, Pfizer, IDEC Pharmaceuticals, and Schering-Plough Corporation. He is a Fellow of the Royal College of Pathologists, and holds a bachelor's degree from St. Mary's Hospital College, University of London and a medical degree from St. Bartholomew's Hospital College, University of London.

Dr. Roy Freeman, MD is Professor of Neurology at the Harvard Medical School and Director of the Center for Autonomic and Peripheral Nerve Disorders in the Department of Neurology at Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center in Boston, Massachusetts. Dr. Freeman is former chairman of the World Federation of Neurology research group on the autonomic nervous system, former President of the American Autonomic Society, and former chairman of the Autonomic Section of the American Academy of Neurology. Dr. Freeman is Editor-in-Chief of Autonomic Neuroscience: Basic and Clinical and on the editorial boards of The Clinical Journal of Pain, Pain; Clinical Updates, and Clinical Autonomic Research. He is a founder of several companies in pain and neurodegenerative disease and is on the scientific advisory boards of many large and small pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies.

Ms. Elizabeth O'Farrell recently retired from a 25-year career with Eli Lilly and Company, lastly serving as Chief Procurement Officer and Leader, Global Head of Shared Services from 2012 to 2017. Prior to that, she advanced through a number of executive management positions including Senior Vice President, Policy and Finance; Senior Vice President, Finance; Chief Financial Officer, Lilly USA; Chief Financial Officer, Lilly Canada; and General Auditor. Before joining Eli Lilly, Ms. O'Farrell currently serves on the board of PDL BioPharma, Geron Corporation where she is a member of the Audit Committee and member of the board of directors of Lensar and serves as member and chair of their Audit Committee. Ms. O'Farrell holds a BS in accounting with honors and an MBA in management information systems, both from Indiana University.

Industry-Leading Advisors

Robert Hauser, MD
Professor of Neurology, University of South Florida
College of Medicine - Director USF Parkinson's Disease
and Movement Disorders Center

Jeffrey Kordower, PhD
Alla V and Solomon Jesmer Professor of Aging &
Neurological Sciences Rush University Medical Center

Dr. Ken Marek
President and Senior Scientist, Institute of
Neurodegenerative Disorders

Dr. Ted Dawson, MD, PhD
Neurodegeneration and Stem Cell Programs, Institute for
Cell Engineering, Departments of Neurology, Physiology,
Pharmacology, and Molecular Sciences - The Johns
Hopkins University School of Medicine

Dr. Valina Dawson, PhD
Neurodegeneration and Stem Cell Programs, Institute for
Cell Engineering, Departments of Neurology and
Physiology
The Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine

Dr. Warren Olanow, MD, FRCP
Henry P. and Georgette Goldschmidt Professor and
Chairman Emeritus, Mount Sinai School of Medicine
Clintrex, Inc.

Dr. Karl Kiebertz, MD, MPH
Robert J. Joynt Professor in Neurology, Senior Associate
Dean for Clinical Research, Director of the Clinical
& Translational Science Institute, Founder Center for
Human Experimental Therapeutics (CHET)- University of
Rochester Medical Center Clintrex, Inc.

Dr. Jay Pasricha, MBBS, MD
Director, Johns Hopkins Center for Neurogastroenterology
Professor of Medicine